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Fifty-fifth session

Provisional agenda of the fifty-fifth regular session of the General Assembly*

To convene at United Nations Headquarters, New York on Tuesday, 5 September 2000, at 3 p.m.**

1. Opening of the session by the Chairman of the delegation of Namibia (rule 30 of the rules of procedure).
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation (rule 62).
3. Credentials of representatives to the fifty-fifth session of the General Assembly (rule 28):
   (a) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly (rule 31).
5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees (rule 31).
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly (rule 31).
7. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations (rule 49).
8. Adoption of the agenda and organization of work: reports of the General Committee (rule 21).
9. General debate.
10. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization (rules 13 (a) and 48; resolution 47/120 B of 20 September 1993).[1]
11. Report of the Security Council (rule 13 (b)).[1]

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* Issued in accordance with rule 12 of the rules of procedure.

** In accordance with resolution 53/239 of 8 June 1999.

[1] This item remains also on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (decision 54/465 of 23 December 1999).

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12. Report of the Economic and Social Council (rule 13 (b); Economic and Social Council decision 1982/112 of 26 April 1982).

13. Report of the International Court of Justice (rule 13 (b)).

14. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency (rule 13 (b); resolution 54/26 of 15 November 1999).

15. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:

    (a) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council (rule 142; decision 54/306 of 14 October 1999);

    (b) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council (rule 145; decision 54/309 of 29 October 1999).

16. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:

    (a) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination (Economic and Social Council resolution 2008 (LX) of 14 May 1976 and General Assembly decision 54/305 of 8 October 1999);

    (b) Election of seventeen members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (resolution 2205 (XXI) of 17 December 1966 and decision 52/314 of 24 November 1997);

    (c) Election of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (resolution 428 (V) of 14 December 1950 and decisions 48/307 of 4 November 1993 and 53/305 of 29 September 1998).

17. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:[1]

    (a) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (rule 155; decisions 54/312 A of 15 November 1999 and 54/312 B of 1 February 2000);

    (b) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions (rule 158; decisions 54/313 A of 15 November 1999 and 54/313 B of 10 May 2000);[2]

    (c) Appointment of a member of the Board of Auditors (resolution 74 (I) of 7 December 1946 and decision 54/314 of 15 November 1999);

    (d) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee (resolution 155 (II) of 15 November 1947 and decision 54/315 of 15 November 1999);

    (e) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal (resolution 351 A (IV) of 24 November 1949 and decision 54/316 of 15 November 1999);

    (f) Appointment of members and alternate members of the United Nations Staff Pension Committee (resolution 248 (III) of 7 December 1948 and decisions 54/317 A of 15 November 1999 and 54/317 B of 7 April 2000);[3]

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[2] This item remains also on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (see A/54/PV.96).

[3] This item remains also on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (see A/54/PV.95).

(g) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission (resolution 3357 (XXIX) of 18 December 1974 and decisions 53/317 A of 7 December 1998 and 53/317 B of 8 June 1999);

(h) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences (resolution 43/222 B of 21 December 1988 and decision 54/308 of 25 October 1999);

(i) Appointment of the members of the Consultative Committee on the United Nations Development Fund for Women (resolution 31/133 of 16 December 1976 and decision 52/319 of 15 December 1997);

(j) Confirmation of the appointment of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme (resolution 1240 (XIII) B of 14 October 1958 and decision 51/321 of 21 May 1997);

(k) Approval of the appointment of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (resolution 48/141 of 20 December 1993 and decision 51/322 of 17 June 1997).

18. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (resolutions 54/87 to 54/92 of 6 December 1999 and decision 54/423 of 6 December 1999).

19. Admission of new Members to the United Nations (rule 136).

20. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance (resolutions 48/162 of 20 December 1993, 54/192 of 17 December 1999 and 54/233 of 22 December 1999):[1]

(a) Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations (resolutions 46/182 of 19 December 1991, 54/30 of 22 November 1999 and 54/95 of 8 December 1999);

(b) Special economic assistance to individual countries or regions (resolutions 53/1 D, F, G, H and I of 16 November 1998, 54/96 A, B and D of 8 December 1999, 54/96 F to I of 15 December 1999, 54/96 L of 10 March 2000 and 54/96 M of 14 March 2000);[4]

(c) Assistance to the Palestinian people (resolution 54/116 of 15 December 1999);

(d) Emergency international assistance for peace, normalcy and reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan (resolution 54/189 B of 17 December 1999).

21. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States (resolution 53/9 of 22 October 1998).

22. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Committee (resolution 53/14 of 29 October 1998).

23. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community (resolution 53/17 of 29 October 1998).

[4] This item remains also on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (see A/54/PV.91).

24. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference (resolution 54/7 of 25 October 1999).

25. Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States (resolution 54/9 of 26 October 1999).

26. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Inter-Parliamentary Union (resolution 54/12 of 27 October 1999).[1]

27. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity (resolution 54/94 of 8 December 1999).

28. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Cooperation Organization (resolution 54/100 of 9 December 1999).

29. Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (resolution 54/117 of 15 December 1999).

30. Implementation of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s, including measures and recommendations agreed upon at its mid-term review (resolutions 51/32 of 6 December 1996 and 53/90 of 7 December 1998).

31. Elimination of coercive economic measures as a means of political and economic compulsion (resolution 53/10 of 26 October 1998).

32. United Nations Year of Dialogue among Civilizations (resolutions 53/22 of 4 November 1998 and 54/113 of 10 December 1999).

33. Culture of peace (resolution 53/25 of 10 November 1998).

34. Oceans and the law of the sea (resolutions 53/33 of 24 November 1998 and 54/31 and 54/33 of 24 November 1999):

    (a) Consideration of elements relating to oceans and seas, including improvement of coordination and cooperation (resolutions 54/31 and 54/33);

    (b) Large-scale pelagic drift-net fishing, unauthorized fishing in zones of national jurisdiction and on the high seas, fisheries by-catch and discards, and other developments (resolution 53/33).

35. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba (resolution 54/21 of 9 November 1999).

36. Bethlehem 2000 (resolution 54/22 of 10 November 1999).

37. Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the special session of the General Assembly in this regard (resolution 54/23 of 10 November 1999).[1]

38. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic (resolution 54/35 of 24 November 1999).

39. Support by the United Nations system of the efforts of Governments to promote and consolidate new or restored democracies (resolution 54/36 of 29 November 1999).

40. The situation in the Middle East (resolutions 54/37 and 54/38 of 1 December 1999).[1]

41. Question of Palestine (resolutions 54/39 to 54/42 of 1 December 1999).[1]

42. Special session of the General Assembly in 2001 for follow-up to the World Summit for Children (resolution 54/93 of 7 December 1999).

43. The situation in Central America: procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace and progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development (resolutions 54/99 of 8 December 1999 and 54/118 of 15 December 1999).[1]

44. Global implications of the year 2000 date conversion problem of computers (resolution 54/114 of 15 December 1999).

45. The situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina (resolution 54/119 of 16 December 1999).[1]

46. The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security (resolution 54/189 A of 17 December 1999).[1]

47. Assistance in mine action (resolution 54/191 of 17 December 1999).

48. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti (resolution 54/193 of 17 December 1999).[1]

49. The situation in East Timor during its transition to independence (resolution 54/194 of 17 December 1999).

50. Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa (resolution 54/234 of 22 December 1999).[1]

51. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas) (decision 54/412 of 4 November 1999).

52. Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 (Security Council resolution 827 (1993) of 25 May 1993 and General Assembly decision 54/413 of 8 November 1999).

53. Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994 (Security Council resolution 955 (1994) of 8 November 1994 and General Assembly decision 54/414 of 8 November 1999).

54. Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986 (decision 54/424 of 9 December 1999).

55. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful

uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security (decision 54/425 of 9 December 1999).

56. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait (decision 54/426 of 9 December 1999).

57. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations (decision 54/427 of 9 December 1999).

58. Launching of global negotiations on international economic cooperation for development (decision 54/428 of 9 December 1999).

59. Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte (decision 54/439 of 17 December 1999).

60. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters.[5]

61. United Nations reform: measures and proposals:

    (a) United Nations reform: measures and proposals; [6]

    (b) The Millennium Assembly of the United Nations (resolutions 53/202 of 17 December 1998, 53/239 of 8 June 1999, 54/254 of 15 March 2000 and 54/261 of 10 May 2000).[2]

62. Strengthening of the United Nations system.[6]

63. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.[6]

64. Restructuring and revitalization of the United Nations in the economic, social and related fields.[6]

65. Question of Cyprus.[6]

66. Reduction of military budgets (resolution 35/142 B of 12 December 1980).

67. Development of good-neighbourly relations among Balkan States (resolution 52/48 of 9 December 1997).

68. Maintenance of international security (resolutions 53/71 of 4 December 1998 and 54/62 of 1 December 1999):

    (a) Prevention of the violent disintegration of States (resolution 53/71);

    (b) Stability and development of South-Eastern Europe (resolution 54/62).

69. Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security (resolution 54/49 of 1 December 1999).

70. Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament (resolution 54/50 of 1 December 1999).

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[5] This item remains on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (decision 54/465 of 23 December 1999). Its inclusion in the provisional agenda of the fifty-fifth session is subject to any action that the Assembly may take on it at its fifty-fourth session.

[6] This item, which has not yet been considered by the General Assembly at its fifty-fourth session, remains on the agenda of that session (decision 54/465 of 23 December 1999). Its inclusion in the provisional agenda of the fifty-fifth session is subject to any action that the Assembly may take on it at its fifty-fourth session.

71. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East (resolution 54/51 of 1 December 1999).

72. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons (resolution 54/52 of 1 December 1999).

73. Prevention of an arms race in outer space (resolution 54/53 of 1 December 1999).

74. General and complete disarmament (resolutions 42/38 C of 30 November 1987, 53/77 A, D, H and L of 4 December 1998, 54/54 A and B, E to U of 1 December 1999 and 54/54 V of 15 December 1999; and decision 54/417 of 1 December 1999):

(a) Notification of nuclear tests (resolution 42/38 C);

(b) Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia (resolution 53/77 A and decision 54/417);

(c) Mongolia's international security and nuclear-weapon-free status (resolution 53/77 D);

(d) Measures to uphold the authority of the 1925 Geneva Protocol (resolution 53/77 L);

(e) Preservation of and compliance with the Treaty on the Limitation of Anti-Ballistic Missile Systems (resolution 54/54 A);

(f) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-personnel Mines and on Their Destruction (resolution 54/54 B);

(g) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction (resolution 54/54 E);

(h) Missiles (resolution 54/54 F);

(i) Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: the need for a new agenda (resolution 54/54 G);

(j) Consolidation of peace through practical disarmament measures (resolution 54/54 H);

(k) Transparency in armaments (resolutions 54/54 I and O);

(l) Assistance to States for curbing the illicit traffic in small arms and collecting them (resolution 54/54 J);

(m) Reducing nuclear danger (resolution 54/54 K);

(n) Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas (resolution 54/54 L);

(o) Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels (resolution 54/54 M);

(p) Regional disarmament (resolutions 53/77 H and 54/54 N);

(q) Nuclear disarmament (resolution 54/54 P);

(r) Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the *Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons* (resolution 54/54 Q);

(s) Illicit traffic in small arms (resolution 54/54 R);

(t) Observance of environmental norms in the drafting and implementation of agreements on disarmament and arms control (resolution 54/54 S);

(u) Relationship between disarmament and development (resolution 54/54 T);

(v) Convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament (resolution 54/54 U);

(w) Small arms (resolution 54/54 V).

75. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly (resolutions 53/78 E and G of 4 December 1998 and 54/55 A to F of 1 December 1999):

(a) Regional confidence-building measures: activities of the United Nations Standing Advisory Committee on Security Questions in Central Africa (resolution 54/55 A);

(b) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa (resolution 54/55 B);

(c) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific (resolution 54/55 C);

(d) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons (resolution 54/55 D);

(e) United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament (resolution 54/55 E);

(f) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean (resolution 54/55 F);

(g) United Nations Disarmament Information Programme (resolution 53/78 E);

(h) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services (resolution 53/78 G).

76. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session (resolutions 38/183 O of 20 December 1983, 39/148 H of 17 December 1984, 50/72 B of 12 December 1995 and 54/56 A and B of 1 December 1999):

(a) Report of the Disarmament Commission (resolution 54/56 A);

(b) Report of the Conference on Disarmament (resolution 54/56 B);

(c) Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters (resolution 38/183 O);

(d) United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research (resolution 39/148 H);

(e) Disarmament Week (resolution 50/72 B).

77. The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East (resolution 54/57 of 1 December 1999).

78. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects (resolution 54/58 of 1 December 1999).

79. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region (resolution 54/59 of 1 December 1999).

80. Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco) (resolution 54/60 of 1 December 1999).

81. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction (resolution 54/61 of 1 December 1999).

82. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (resolution 54/63 of 1 December 1999).

83. Effects of atomic radiation (resolution 54/66 of 6 December 1999).

84. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space (resolutions 54/67 and 54/68 of 6 December 1999).

85. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (resolutions 53/46 of 3 December 1998 and 54/69 to 54/75 of 6 December 1999).

86. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories (resolutions 54/76 to 54/80 of 6 December 1999).

87. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects (resolutions 54/81 A of 6 December 1999 and 54/81 B of 25 May 2000).

88. Questions relating to information (resolutions 54/82 A and B of 6 December 1999).

89. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations (resolution 54/83 of 6 December 1999).

90. Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories (resolution 54/84 and decision 54/421 of 6 December 1999).

91. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations (resolution 54/85 of 6 December 1999).

92. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories (resolution 54/86 of 6 December 1999).

93. Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India (decision 54/402 of 17 September 1999).

94. Macroeconomic policy questions:[1]

(a) Trade and development (resolutions 1995 (XIX) of 30 December 1964, 53/171 of 15 December 1998 and 54/198 of 22 December 1999);

(b) Commodities (resolution 53/174 of 15 December 1998);

(c) External debt crisis and development (resolution 54/202 of 22 December 1999);

(d) Science and technology for development (resolution 54/201 of 22 December 1999);

(e) Financing of development, including net transfer of resources between developing and developed countries (resolution 54/197 of 22 December 1999).

95. Sectoral policy questions:

(a) Industrial development cooperation (resolution 53/177 of 15 December 1998);

(b) Business and development (resolutions 53/176 of 15 December 1998 and 54/205 of 22 December 1999).

96. Sustainable development and international economic cooperation (resolutions 50/130 of 20 December 1995 and 53/24 of 10 November 1998):[1]

(a) Implementation of the commitments and policies agreed upon in the Declaration on International Economic Cooperation, in particular the Revitalization of Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries, and implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade (resolution 54/206 of 22 December 1999);

(b) Integration of the economies in transition into the world economy (resolutions 48/181 of 21 December 1993 and 53/179 of 15 December 1998);

(c) Cultural development (resolution 53/184 of 15 December 1998);

(d) High-level dialogue on strengthening international economic cooperation for development through partnership (resolution 54/213 of 22 December 1999);

(e) Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) (resolutions 32/162 of 19 December 1977, 53/180 of 15 December 1998 and 54/207 and 54/208 of 22 December 1999).[1]

97. Environment and sustainable development (resolutions 2997 (XXVII) of 15 December 1972 and 54/217 and 54/220 of 22 December 1999):

(a) Implementation of Agenda 21 and the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 (resolutions 47/191 of 22 December 1992, 53/188 of 15 December 1998 and 54/214 and 54/218 of 22 December 1999; and decision 54/450 of 22 December 1999);

(b) Convention on Biological Diversity (resolutions 51/182 of 16 December 1996 and 54/221 of 22 December 1999);

(c) Water supply and sanitation (resolution 50/126 of 20 December 1995 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1999/47 of 28 July 1999);

(d) Further implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States (resolutions 54/224 and 54/225 of 22 December 1999);

(e) Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, particularly in Africa (resolution 54/223 of 22 December 1999);

(f) Promotion of new and renewable sources of energy, including the implementatio of the World Solar Programme 1996-2005 (resolution 54/215 of 22 December 1999);

(g) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind (resolution 54/222 of 22 December 1999).

98. Operational activities for development (resolution 39/125 of 14 December 1984).[1]

99. Training and research (resolutions 3081 (XXVIII) of 6 December 1973, 53/194 of 15 December 1998 and 54/228 and 54/229 of 22 December 1999; and decision 53/450 of 15 December 1998).

100. Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources (resolution 54/230 of 22 December 1999 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1999/53 of 29 July 1999).

101. Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006) (resolution 54/232 of 22 December 1999).

102. Globalization and interdependence (resolution 54/231 of 22 December 1999).

103. High-level international intergovernmental consideration of financing for development (resolutions 54/196 of 22 December 1999 and 54/279 of 15 June 2000).[7]

104. Third United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries (resolution 54/235 of 23 December 1999).

105. Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family (resolutions 44/56 of 8 December 1989 and 54/262 of 25 May 2000).[8]

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[7] This item remains also on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (see A/54/PV.98).

[8] This item remains also on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (see A/54/PV.97).

106. Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons (resolution 54/24 of 10 November 1999).

107. Crime prevention and criminal justice (resolutions 54/125, 54/130 and 54/131 of 17 December 1999).

108. International drug control (resolutions 48/112 of 20 December 1993 and 54/132 of 17 December 1999).

109. Advancement of women (resolutions 34/180 of 18 December 1979, 39/125 of 14 December 1984, 45/124 of 14 December 1990, 53/116 of 9 December 1998 and 54/137, 54/139 and 54/140 of 17 December 1999).

110. Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the special session of the General Assembly entitled "Women 2000: gender equality, development and peace for the twenty-first century" (resolution 54/141 of 17 December 1999).[9]

111. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions (resolutions 428 (V) of 14 December 1950, 53/124 of 9 December 1998 and 54/144 and 54/147 of 17 December 1999).

112. Promotion and protection of the rights of children (resolutions 44/25 of 20 November 1989 and 54/148 and 54/149 of 17 December 1999).

113. Programme of activities of the International Decade of the World's Indigenous People (resolution 54/150 of 17 December 1999).

114. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination (resolutions 2106 A (XX) of 21 December 1965, 53/131 and 53/132 of 9 December 1998 and 54/153 and 54/154 of 17 December 1999).[1]

115. Right of peoples to self-determination (resolutions 54/151 and 54/155 of 17 December 1999).

116. Human rights questions (resolution 54/263 of 25 May 2000):[8]

(a) Implementation of human rights instruments (resolutions 260 A (III) of 4 December 1948, 2200 A (XXI) of 16 December 1966, 39/46 of 10 December 1984, 53/138 of 9 December 1998 and 54/156 and 54/158 of 17 December 1999);

(b) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms (resolutions 53/142, 53/146 to 53/148 and 53/150 of 9 December 1998 and 54/159 to 54/161, 54/165, 54/166, 54/169 to 54/172, 54/174, 54/175 and 54/181 of 17 December 1999);

(c) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives (resolutions 54/177 to 54/179 and 54/182 to 54/188 of 17 December 1999);[1]

[9] This item remains also on the agenda of the fifty-fourth session (see A/54/PV.93).

(d) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action (resolution 48/121 of 20 December 1993);

(e) Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (resolution 48/141 of 20 December 1993).

117. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors (resolutions 53/204 of 18 December 1998, 54/13 A of 29 October 1999 and 54/13 B of 23 December 1999 and decision 54/463 of 23 December 1999):[1]

(a) United Nations;

(b) United Nations Development Programme;

(c) United Nations Children's Fund;

(d) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;

(e) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

(f) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

(g) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(h) United Nations Population Fund;

(i) United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation;

(j) Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme;

(k) United Nations Office for Project Services.

118. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations (resolutions 48/218 A of 23 December 1993, 51/243 of 15 September 1997, 52/226 A and B of 31 March 1998, 52/234 of 26 June 1998, 54/14 of 29 October 1999, 54/256 and 54/257 of 7 April 2000 and 54/264 of 15 June 2000; and decisions 54/472 of 7 April 2000 and 54/462 B of 15 June 2000).[7]

119. Programme budget for the biennium 2000-2001 (resolutions 52/220 of 22 December 1997, 53/206 of 18 December 1998, 54/15 of 29 October 1999, 54/249 to 54/253 of 23 December 1999 and 54/258 B and 54/265 of 15 June 2000 and decision 54/481 of 15 June 2000).[7]

120. Programme planning (resolutions 51/219 of 18 December 1996, 53/207 of 18 December 1998 and 54/236 of 23 December 1999 and decisions 54/474 and 54/475 of 7 April 2000).[3]

121. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations.[10]

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[10] This item, which has not yet been considered by the General Assembly at its fifty-fourth session, remains on the agenda of that session (decision 54/465 of 23 December 1999). It is included in the provisional agenda of the fifty-fifth session pursuant to decision 54/463 of 23 December 1999.

122. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency (decisions 47/449 of 22 December 1992 and 53/459 of 18 December 1998).

123. Pattern of conferences (resolutions 54/248 of 23 December 1999 and 54/259 of 7 April 2000).[3]

124. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations (resolutions 54/237 A to C of 23 December 1999 and 54/237 D of 7 April 2000 and decisions 54/455 A and B of 23 December 1999).[3]

125. Human resources management (resolutions 51/226 of 3 April 1997, 53/221 of 7 April 1999 and 54/264 of 15 June 2000 and decisions 54/460 B and 54/472 of 7 April 2000).[7]

126. United Nations common system (resolutions 48/224 of 23 December 1993, 53/209 of 18 December 1998 and 54/238 of 23 December 1999).[1]

127. United Nations pension system (resolutions 48/225 of 23 December 1993, 49/224 of 23 December 1994 and 53/210 of 18 December 1998).

128. Report of the Secretary-General on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services (resolutions 48/218 B of 29 July 1994 and 54/244 of 23 December 1999 and decision 54/478 of 7 April 2000).[3]

129. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 (resolutions 54/239 A of 23 December 1999 and 54/239 B of 15 June 2000).[7]

130. Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994 (resolutions 54/240 A of 23 December 1999 and 54/240 B of 15 June 2000).[7]

131. Financing of the United Nations Angola Verification Mission and the United Nations Observer Mission in Angola (resolutions 54/17 A of 29 October 1999 and 54/17 B of 15 June 2000).[7]

132. Financing of the activities arising from Security Council resolution 687 (1991) (resolution 54/18 of 29 October 1999):[7]

(a) United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission (resolution 54/18 B of 15 June 2000 and decision 54/483 of 15 June 2000);

(b) Other activities.[1]

133. Financing of the United Nations Mission in East Timor (resolutions 54/20 A of 29 October 1999 and 54/20 B of 7 April 2000).[3]

134. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone (resolutions 54/241 A of 23 December 1999 and 54/241 B of 15 June 2000).[7]

135. Financing of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (resolutions 54/245 A of 23 December 1999 and 54/245 B of 15 June 2000).[7]

136. Financing of the United Nations Transitional Administration in East Timor (resolutions 54/246 A of 23 December 1999, 54/246 B of 7 April 2000 and 54/246 C of 15 June 2000).[7]

137. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (resolution 54/268 of 15 June 2000).[7]

138. Financing of the United Nations Mission of Observers in Tajikistan (resolution 54/272 of 15 June 2000).[7]

139. Financing of the United Nations Preventive Deployment Force (resolution 54/275 of 15 June 2000).[7]

140. Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East:[7]

(a) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (resolution 54/266 of 15 June 2000);

(b) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (resolution 54/267 of 15 June 2000).

141. Financing and liquidation of the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (decision 54/484 of 15 June 2000).[7]

142. Financing of the United Nations Protection Force, the United Nations Confidence Restoration Operation in Croatia, the United Nations Preventive Deployment Force and the United Nations Peace Forces headquarters (resolution 54/269 of 15 June 2000).[7]

143. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Somalia II.[6]

144. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Mozambique.[6]

145. Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (resolution 54/270 of 15 June 2000).[7]

146. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia (resolution 54/271 of 15 June 2000).[7]

147. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Haiti.[6]

148. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Liberia.[6]

149. Financing of the United Nations Assistance Mission for Rwanda.[6]

150. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (resolution 54/273 of 15 June 2000).[7]

151. Financing of the United Nations Transitional Administration for Eastern Slavonia, Baranja and Western Sirmium and the Civilian Police Support Group (resolution 54/274 of 15 June 2000).[7]

152. Financing of the United Nations Support Mission in Haiti, the United Nations Transition Mission in Haiti and the United Nations Civilian Police Mission in Haiti (resolution 54/276 of 15 June 2000).[7]

153. Financing of the Military Observer Group of the United Nations Verification Mission in Guatemala (decision 54/484 of 15 June 2000).[7]

154. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic (resolution 54/277 of 15 June 2000).[7]

155. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations:

(a) Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations (resolutions 54/242 and 54/243 A of 23 December 1999 and 54/19 B, 54/243 B and 54/278 of 15 June 2000 and decisions 54/459 B of 7 April 2000 and 54/485 of 15 June 2000);[7]

(b) Relocation of South Africa to the group of Member States set out in paragraph 3 (c) of General Assembly resolution 43/232 (decision 54/486 of 15 June 2000).[7]

156. Progressive development of the principles and norms of international law relating to the new international economic order (decision 51/441 of 16 December 1996).

157. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts (resolution 53/96 of 8 December 1998).

158. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives (resolution 53/97 of 8 December 1998).

159. Convention on jurisdictional immunities of States and their property (resolution 54/101 of 9 December 1999).

160. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its thirty-third session (resolution 54/103 of 9 December 1999).

161. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its fifty-second session (resolution 54/111 of 9 December 1999).

162. Nationality of natural persons in relation to the succession of States (resolution 54/112 of 9 December 1999).

163. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country (resolution 54/104 of 9 December 1999).

164. Establishment of the International Criminal Court (resolution 54/105 of 9 December 1999).

165. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization (resolutions 54/106 and 54/107 of 9 December 1999).

166. Measures to eliminate international terrorism (resolution 54/110 of 9 December 1999).[1]

167. Review of the Statute of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal (decision 54/429 of 9 December 1999).

168. Election of judges of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991 (Security

Council resolution 827 (1993) of 25 May 1993 and General Assembly decisions 51/319 A of 20 May 1997 and 53/307 of 16 October 1998).

169. Financing of the United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (resolutions 54/260 A of 7 April 2000 and 54/260 B of 15 June 2000).[7]

170. Programme budget for the biennium 1998-1999 (decision 54/480 of 15 June 2000).[7]

171. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of United Nations peacekeeping operations [item proposed by Albania, Algeria, Armenia, Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Chile, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Fiji, Georgia, Hungary, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Latvia, Lithuania, Monaco, Morocco, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Poland, the Republic of Korea, Romania, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sri Lanka, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Ukraine, the United States of America, Vanuatu and Zambia (A/55/141)].